DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong...To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. II.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Monday Morning, September 19, 1864. [No. 66.

Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, EXCEPT SUNDAYS

—AT—

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TERRITORY,

—BY—

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,

—OF THE—

California & Nevada Territory Volunteers

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One copy one month, (invariably in advance)	$1 00
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One copy six months, " " "	5 00

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Job Work,

SUCH AS

MINING CERTIFICATES,
PROGRAMMES, BALL INVITATIONS,
BILL HEADS,

Cards, Circulars, Blank Forms

etc., - - - etc., - - - etc.,

IN GOOD STYLE AND ON REASONABLE TERMS.

☞ All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the DAILY VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.

☞ All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

☞ HIRAM S. TUTTLE is our Carrier, and authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Orders left for him at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse Main Street, will be promptly attended to.

L. P. FISHER,

NO. 629 Washington Street, is the only Agent for the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

Notice.

Having been appointed by His Excellency, the Governor of California, a Commissioner of Deeds for the State of California, I am prepared to enter upon the duties thereof, at my office, in Main street, Great Salt Lake City, opposite Wm. Jennings' store.

Deeds, Transfers, Powers of Attorney, and all other legal papers made out on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms.

Acknowledgements taken for any part of the United States. apr9-tf PATRICK LYNCH.

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COMMISSION MERCHANT,
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San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.
" " " Austin, Nevada Territory.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. jy2tf

TELEGRAPH COAL BED.

$4 per ton.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this mine at the above rate.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine will be promptly attended to.

GEO. W. CARLETON,

Great Salt Lake City, April 6th, 1864. apr6tf

C. CLIVE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Main St, opposite Town Clock, G. S. L. City,

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the highest style of art.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Officers' Military Uniforms my7tf

CARPENTERS WANTED!

THE best wages will be given for good House Carpenters. Apply to

sept1-plm CHARLES KING, 8th Ward.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

BALTIMORE, Sept. 14th.

The *American's* special says: Averill has reoccupied Martinsburg.

Parties engaged in repairing the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad have resumed work.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14th.

The *Herald's* dispatches from the Shenandoah represents the enemy as having weakened his lines to the left of our forces and is massing towards the Potomac ford, which at present is impassable on account of recent rains.

Troops whose time have expired are re-enlisting with vigor.

The steamship *Vanderbilt* which has been at this port for a long time refitting, is again ready for sea. The improvements probably will enable her to increase her ordinary high rate of speed. It is considered likely that she will resume her search for privateers.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 13th.

The *Journal's* correspondence from Atlanta the 10th, contains a congratulatory order from Sherman recounting his victories and an agreement between Sherman and Hood for a ten day's truce at Rough and Ready on the Macon railroad and the country around it, enclosed by a circle of two miles radius, to September 12th, to enable the people of Atlanta to remove to points South.

Hood to Sherman on the 9th, says: "Permit me to say, the unprecedented measure which you propose, transcends in studied ingenious cruelty, all acts ever before brought to my attention in this dark history of war. In the name of God and humanity, I protest, believing you are expelling from their homes and firesides, the wives and children of brave people."

Hood's letter to James M. Calhoun, Mayor of Atlanta, says: "I shall do all in my power to mitigate the terrible hardships and misery that must be brought upon your people by the extraordinary order of the Federal commander."

In a letter from Sherman to Hood, not obtainable, is the following items from the notice issued by the Mayor: "By command of Sherman, I give an idea thereof that the citizens are requested to leave Atlanta and proceed South or North. Government will furnish them transportation South as far as Rough and Ready, and North as far as Chattanooga. All citizens may take their movable property, and transportation will be furnished for all moveables. Negroes who wish to do so may go with their masters. All other male negroes will be put in Government employ, and the women and children will be sent outside of the lines." Sherman's order of the 4th commences: "Atlanta being occupied exclusively for warlike purposes, will at once be vacated by all, except armies of the United States, and such civilians and employees as may be retained by the proper departments of Government." The letter concludes: "At the proper time just arrangements will be made for the supply to troops of all articles they may need, over and above clothing, provisions, etc., furnished by Government. At no price whatever will traders, manufacturers or sutlers be allowed to settle in the limits of fortified places. If they do manage to come in in spite of this notice, quartermasters will seize their stores, appropriate them to the use of troops, and deliver the parties or other unauthorized citizens who thus place their individual interests above that of the United States, in the hands of some Provost Marshal, to be be put to labor on forts or conscripted into one of the regiments or batteries already in service. The same general principles apply to all military posts south of Chattanooga."

NEW YORK, Sept. 15th.

We have news from Texas, by papers, as late as the 21st ult. Kirby Smith issued an order to enroll all mall negroes, free or slaves, for army service.

A Shreveport correspondent says Polignice's and Walker's divisions crossed the Mississippi, and they are said to have gone to Mobile. This correspondent thinks they will not stop short of Atlanta. A destructive fire occurred at Galveston, on the 16th. Brownsville is reported almost entirely deserted. The Federals have fortified Brazos. Santiago will probably remain there to close the port and blockade again.

Herald's correspondent with Sheridan, 13th, says: "Yesterday a reconnoissance developed the fact that the enemy are still in force in the vicinity of Bunker Hill. A short but sharp skirmish ensued.

The *Herald's* correspondent in front of Petersburg, with 9th corps, 13th, says: Deserters continue to report great dissatisfaction among the rebel soldiers, in consequence of a new regulation that has been established, viz: if a rebel soldier advances beyond his post without his musket, he is to be fired on by his comrades; if he comes forward with his piece, of course he is likely to be fired on by our pickets. The first division of the 9th corps has been consolidated with the 2d and 3d.

The *Herald's* Mobile Bay correspondent, 4th, says: Everything is quiet here, and there is no probability of immediate military movements upon Mobile. The sunken rebel ironclad *Baltic* still effectually blockades the main channel across Dog river bar, but the *Winnebago* (double turreted monitor) has found a passage through the obstructions to a point nearly opposite Mobile, and can drop 11 and 15-inch shells into the city at will. The *Mela Comet*, *Sebago* and *Kennebec* have also reached the same place and are in line of battle, ready to shell the city at a signal from Farragut. Mobile is entirely at our mercy, and the distance of the war vessels mentioned above, from Mobile, is about three miles and a-half. Their largest rifled guns can throw shell into the remotest suburbs. Rebel rams and gunboats are in plain sight, but don't make the slightest hostile demonstration. They seem to have had enough of Farragut and his fleet in the recent combat. The rebel war vessels referred to are the rams *Alabama*, *National* and *Tuscaloosa*. The gunboat *Morgan* and one other ram (name not known) remain above the city in the mouth of the Alabama river, just out of range of our gunboats. The *J. P. Jackson* has succeeded in capturing the largest one of the three launches that have been hovering around Mississippi Sound of late, with the object of attacking the *Selma*. The launch had on board a howitzer and other evidences of a warlike character. As stated in a late Mobile paper, Granger's troops have constructed splendid fortifications at Cedar Point and other places. If Hood's whole army should reinforce Mobile and attack our position, with the assistance of the gunboats, the enemy could easily be kept at bay.

ALBANY, Sept. 15th.

The Democratic State Convention reassembled this morning. The Credential Committee reported that the Tammany Hall delegation was the regular delegation from New York city, but that the other delegation ought to be allowed seats; Tammany to cast nine votes, and the other two. Each committee on permanent organization made a report which was adopted.

AUGUSTA Me., Sept. 15th.

Official returns have been received from 275 cities, towns and plantations showing a total vote of 85,052, and a majority for Cony of 15,318. The total vote to be heard from will amount to about 25,000 and will increase Cony's majority to nearly 18,000; the total vote of the State will be nearly 10,000 less than last year. Returns from 119 representative districts show the election of 102 Union and 17 Democrats. The Senate will be unanimously Union; every county in the State was carried by the Union party.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15th.

The *Commercial's* special says: The rebels are constantly shelling Grant's rear on the railroad from City Point to his left wing. No damage done yet. Grant has prohibited sutlers and purveyors from selling liquor in the army.

CHICAGO, Sept 15th.

A special dispatch from Cairo says; There is no longer much doubt but that a formidable invasion of Missouri under Dobbins, Magruder, Price and Shelby is taking place. A portion of the rebel forces are known to be at or near Cape Girardeau. Whether the rebels separated their commands or are moving in a body we cannot learn.

Head-Qnr's Army Potomac,
September 13th.

Picket and artillery firing has been kept up briskly since Saturday. Five or six of our men have been brought into the hospitals, a majority of them badly wounded. Yesterday a large mortar opened on the right and threw a number of shells into Petersburg with great precision.

ALBANY, Sept. 15th.

Horatio Seymour was nominated for Governor, and R. Floyd Jones, for Lieutenant Governor, by acclamation.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15th.

The London *Daily News* has an editorial on American peace, which says: "Rumors contend that the North cannot submit to the terms on which Jeff Davis is prepared to treat for peace, and unless the Southern terms are lowered, there can be nothing but war."

It is asserted that active negotiations are going on in Paris and Turin, relative to the evacuation of Rome.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 14th.

The flag-of-truce steamer *New York*, arrived last evening from James river.

The Bichmond *Sentinel* of the 12th, reports a very destructive fire in Manchester on Friday night. The loss is estimated at $4,100,000.

The *Sentinel* has an article on Sherman's depopulation of Atlanta, calling it an event unparalleled in the American war, and without an example in modern times, and calls Sherman chief among savages, captain of pirates, leader among highwaymen, prince among scoundrels and brutes, and the foremost villain of the world. Sherman, it says, has given the war a new feature—stern as it has been it is henceforth to be more horrible. The people are ready, and if the Presidents wants us let him call for us. No matter about age if this is the kind of war we are to resist, we will strip to fight. It is far better for age and peaceful innocence to die in defense of home, than to be driven out in hordes to languish in exile. The last man and last boy among us must take up arms sooner than endure such outrages as those at Atlanta.

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 19, 1864.

Another phase of the Abduction case.

The abduction and seduction case, to which we referred a few days since, and which has excited considerable interest in the community, has assumed another phase. The party arrested—one C. M. White—and who was bound over by Justice Miner in the sum of $1,000 to appear before the next Grand Jury, was on Friday last taken before Chief Justice Titus on a writ of *habeas corpus*. Mr. Miner, who appeared against the prisoner, objected to the Judge investigating the case, beyond an inquiry into the legality of the papers. Judge Titus overruled the objection, and cited the Utah statute to show that he was bound to inquire into the merits of the whole question, and the matter then came up *de novo*, all the witnesses being re-examined. Judge Titus decided that while the evidence disclosed improprieties on both sides, no criminal offence under the statute had been committed, and discharged the prisoner from custody. Such was the substance of the decision, although the Judge had a good deal more to say. He commented severely on the conduct of all parties engaged in this business, and gave the young lady some wholesome fatherly advice. He also required that the defendant should pay her expenses from the time she left her friends near this city, and also her stage fare to Fillmore, where she might rejoin the train which she had left, under the inducements held out to her by White.

As there has been a good deal said about this decision, we propose to notice it more at length. The statute under which White has been arrested and committed to prison, reads as follows:

SECTION 19. If any person take or entice away any unmarried female from her father, mother, *guardian*, or other person having the *legal* charge of her person * * * he shall, upon conviction, etc., etc.

It is a well understood and wise rule of law, that criminal statutes *must* be strictly construed. The prosecuting witness herself ended the case when she testified that she was 21 years of age, had left her father's roof without his consent, had no guardian, and was in law and fact entitled to go when, where and with whom she pleased. The Judge so ruled, and under the law and his oath he was bound to discharge the prisoner. But there was another phase in this matter. White, although he had been guilty of no crime, had been guilty of improprieties and actions which gave the Court jurisdiction over his person. Under the circumstances disclosed, it was competent for the Court, while dismissing the *criminal* action, to have bound him over to keep the peace and refrain from further interference with the lady. Before rendering the decision, Judge Titus called out the Attorneys, and it is understood, this or a similar view was suggested, with the *addenda* that if White would pay the lady's expenses back to the train she had so injudiciously left, the holding him to bonds to keep the peace would be unnecessary. With this understanding the decision was rendered. Should the defendant fail to comply with this just suggestion, the Court can re-arrest and hold him to trial as we have suggested. We take this occasion to commend the course of the Chief Justice as one eminently sound in law, while his forcible remarks and strictures gave evidence that to the extent of his power, innocence and virtue will be protected against designing men, whether pretended or real friends. It is to be hoped that the young lady will take warning from this experience and not lend a willing ear to the protestations of friendship which strangers may for their own purposes whisper beguilingly to her. She has evidently escaped a snare which might have ruined her for life.

We are told, that notwithstanding the manifestly righteous decision of the highest judicial officer in the Territory, it is still proposed to press the matter further and present an indictment against White. What may be the real and ultimate object of this course, it is unnecessary for us to say. The only result of it, however, will be to keep the young lady in this community for a month or two, and until her traveling friends have got beyond reach. Then indeed, will she be left a stranger in a strange land, and compelled to accept charities and gratuities from whomever they may be tendered.

"A SOLDIER AND HIS MONEY, ETC."—This proverb finds very apt application in and about this city and the adjoining Camp, at present. The soldiers have been paid—many of them have received large sums, and all have gotten four months pay at $16 per month. The result is, that greenbacks abound in the community, for strange though it be, there seems to be something in the life of a soldier, which predisposes to a lavish expenditure of money, and men who in civil life would be among the last to spend their means foolishly, many have we seen bucking at faro—betting at monte, and dribbling their pay away at chuck-a-luck. So long as they confine this passion for gambling among themselves, it is perhaps (though bad *per se*) to be palliated, but the general rule is, that when a soldier has "made a raise" out of his comrades—he must come to town and allow himself to be swindled out of his "pile" by a set of small "sports," who haunt and have for sometime past infested this city. Well! "A wilful man will have his way;"—but we sincerely wish the men of the command at Camp were as free of the vice of gambling, as they confessedly are (taken as a body) of that of drunkeness.

STEAMBOAT RACING.—For some time past, the Companies running steamers between San Francisco and Sacramento, have been endeavoring each to outstrip the other—each boat shoved off from its wharf with the determination of beating the other or sinking in the attempt. The result is now before us. Fifty-five persons were killed or fatally injured by the explosion of the steamer *Washoe* on the 5th instant, and a large number wounded. It is about time that something was done to put a stop to steamboat racing. The result of this racing business, wherever tried, has invariably been the same. There is scarcely an instance on record where, when once commenced, it has not been followed up until it has finally resulted in an explosion and loss of life to a greater or less extent.

RESUMPTION OF THE EASTERN OVERLAND MAIL SERVICE.—We are gratified to be able to announce that the re-stocking of the road east of Denver has progressed so far as to justify the Agents here in resuming daily coaches and once more carrying the through mail eastward.

We understand that the Indians have disappeared from the mail line, and there is little doubt, that the mails which leave here to-morrow will go through without interruption. This will be good news to the people in the interior of the continent who have been deprived of the daily mail service, which has now become an essential to them.

FAREWELL BALL.—The Farewell Ball to be given by the Volunteers of '61, at the Camp Theatre to-night, promises to be one of the most brilliant affairs of the season. The Hall has been tastefully decorated, and the arrangements for supper have been made entirely regardless of expense. There will no doubt be an extensive display of crinoline, and we advise every one desirous of spending a pleasant evening to go to the ball to-night.

☞ To Stratman & Co., of San Francisco, who continue to load our table with every imaginable variety of Pictorials, Magazines, etc., we again tender our thanks. We have just opened their last bundle and found the *London Illustrated News*, *Frank Leslie's* and *Demorest's Illustrated Pictorials*, *Harper's Weekly*, *Forney's War Press*, "*Nicknax*," etc.

UNITED STATES SALOON.—M. L. Sholes, proprietor of the above saloon, keeps about the best liquors we have tasted for some time. A fine sitting room is attached to the establishment where a fellow can sip his wine or brandy with a wonderful degree of comfort. Give him a call.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.—See the advertisement of Heller & Snyder, Auction and Commission Merchants on the corner of East Temple and Second South street. They sell everything in the shape of horses, wagons, merchandise, etc., at public and private sale.

NOTICE.—We call the attention of members of the Vedette Gold and Silver Mining Company to advertised delinquent assessments.

SURPRISE VALLEY, N. T.—We are in receipt of a letter from a gentleman who lately visited the above place. He speaks in high terms of the valley as an agricultural country, but says the Indians are somewhat troublesome, eight of them having been killed a few days before his visit. One of the Indians killed is reported to have had three gold pointed arrows. One of these points (which was about 2 1-2 inches in length) our informant examined and pronounces pure gold.

UNION SALOON.—Messrs. Moore & Ewing, proprietors of this establishment, keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of choice wines, liquors and cigars. Their saloon is situated three doors from the corner of East Temple street.

☞ It is said that Salmon P. Chase is the nominee for Congressman from the First District of Ohio.

Re-enlisting.

The following order explaining itself and its advent will be gladly hailed by many men of the command at Camp Douglas. We publish it for their information:

HEAD-QUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE PACIFIC,
San Francisco, Cal., September 8th, 1864.

CIRCULAR:

The following general order and circular of the War Department are published for the information of all concerned:

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJ'T GEN'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, July 26, 1864.

General Orders, No. 235.

1. On and after this date, volunteers serving in three (3) years' organizations who may have, at the date of re-enlistment, less than sixty (60) days to serve, may re-enlist in the regiments or companies to which they belong for one, two or three years, as they may in each case elect. The new term will commence from date of re-enlistment.

2. All men re-enlisting will be entitled to the bounty provided by the Act of Congress, Approved July 4th, 1864, and promulgated in General Orders No. 224, current series, from this office, as follows: For one year, $100; for two years, $200; for three years, $300. The law provides that one-third of the bounty "shall be paid to the soldier at the time of his being mustered (re-mustered) into the service, one-third at the expiration of one-half his term of service, and one third at the expiration of his term of service."

Under the foregoing the first instalment of bounty will be paid when the men are re-mustered, and as follows: For re-enlistments for one year, $33 33; for re enlistments for two years, $66 66; for re-enlistments for three years, $100.

3. The muster out of service, re-enlistments, re-musters and payments under this authority, will be regulated by the general provisions of General Orders No. 359, series of 1863, from this office.

The following remark will be made on the muster out roll:

"Discharged by re-enlistment for one year (or two or three years, as the case may be) under the provisions of General Orders No. 235, of 1864, from the War Department."

The following remark will be made on the muster-in roll:

"Re-mustered for one year (or two or three years, as the case may be) under the provisions of General Orders No. 235, War Department, series of 1864."

4. Reports of credits (see circular, No. 52, current series, from this office,) under the foregoing, must be made and kept separate from those for other troops.

5. To men re-enlisting, as herein provided, no furloughs will be promised. Commissaries of musters and their assistants will be held responsible that this condition is distinctly understood by all parties concerned.

By order of the Secretary of War.
(Signed) E. D. TOWNSEND, A. A. G.

DANGEROUS SPORT.—A man by the name of Johnson was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of drunk and disorderly conduct in firing his pistol on B street. It appears that Jack McNabb was passing along the street on horseback, when Johnson called on him to stop and fired his pistol over his head.—*Carson Post, Sept. 8.*

That fellow ought to be stowed away in some pleasant little room, with a twelve pound ball and chain attached to his leg for about three months.

CAMP WELD.—It beats all what a lot of laundresses are garrisoned at Camp Weld. If there's one there, there's fifty or sixty, all of them looking forward to the day when their dear husbands shall come back from the wars and draw their rations from the commissary, together.—*Denver News*, Sept. 8.

Camp Weld can't beat Camp Douglas much on this score, don't think.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

San Francisco, Sept. 12th.

The steamer *Brother Jonathan* from the north arrived yesterday, bringing $432,000 in gold, and good reports from the mines.

A banquet was given to Gen. McDowell at Victoria, which was attended by Gen. Kennedy of Vancouver Island, and a number of other British notables.

The treasure receipts in this city since last steamer day, is $1,750,000.

Money is easy at one and a half per cent. A small business is doing in currency bills at 115 to 120 premium. Coin bills, 3 1-2 to 4. Legal Tenders are in request at 45 and 46.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

MACON, Sept. 9th.

Prisoners captured yesterday say that if Sherman were now to reinforce Grant he could take Richmond and finish the rebellion. The enemy are closely massed at Atlanta and there is not the slightest prospect of an early resumption of hostilities.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15th.

Private letters from Morganza state that everything there is progressing favorably. Quite a force of Union troops was being concentrated on the Mississippi river, either in anticipation of a move by the rebels or for an offensive move. The rebels have some 18,000 men under Gens. Walker and Polignac, above Alexandria. Flying squads of rebels continue to hover on the banks of the Mississippi and to fire into steamers. Indications from the military movements about being projected by Gens. Canby and Reynolds, are that this will soon be stopped. The health of the army is good. The morals of the colored troops is highly satisfactory. The cotton crops are said to be almost a failure in Louisiana from the ravages of the worm, which has made its appearance as high up as Vicksburg.

New York, Sept. 16th.

The steamer *Fulton*, from Port Royal 13th, has arrived. Gen. Foster has ordered a draft for able bodied citizens in his department.

The champion billiard match to-night between Kavanaugh and Tieman, was easily won by Kavanaugh by 57 points in a game of 1,500.

Panama dates to the 5th are received from Peru, containing a summary of the rejected propositions of Senor Pachesch for a basis whereby hostilities may be avoided. He prefers war, however, to a dishonorable settlement.

The publication of the *New Nation* will be stopped by an injunction issued by Judge Sutherland. Its leader to-day announced its abandonment of Fremont.

Newbern, Sept. 10th.

The dispatch boat *Fawn* on her regular trip from Norfolk to Roanoke Island, was captured and burned by the enemy on the 9th.

Fortress Monroe, Sept. 15th.

Butler arrived here this morning from the front. He comes here for the improvement of his health, which of late has been somewhat impaired.

Intelligence from the front states that the enemy have been annoying our lines on the left for some time. A part of Grant's batteries opened yesterday morning to put a stop to it. Heavy firing was kept up all day—result not ascertained.

Washington, Sept. 16th.

A letter received in this city to-day from an officer on Grant's staff, dated City Point Wednesday, says: Everything looks bright and cheering, every day that we lie here we are weakening the enemy more or less. Their troops are deserting to our lines in droves; we are receiving large accessions. The 11th Florida regiment which entered the rebel service 1,100 strong has been reduced, deserters say, to less than 100.

New York, Sept. 16th.

The Supreme Court injunction on the *New Nation*, (Fremont's organ) referred only to the imitation printed by Cluzeret; the regular paper goes to press to-night with different matter, as inferred from a copy of the suppressed sheets. There seems to have been an attempt on the part of Cluzeret to turn the paper over to a person who has not hitherto appeared prominently as a possible candidate for the Presidency.

St. Louis, (no date.)

Gen. Smith's advance arrived at Sulphur Springs, about twenty miles below here, to-day, where they go into camp; probably will wait developments of the enemy's (Shelby's) advance in southeast Missouri. Nothing definite is known regarding him.

Cairo, Sept. 16th.

Guerrillas *en route* as prisoners from Smithland, Kentucky, to Louisville, on the steamer *Colossus*, when near Caseyville overpowed and disarmed the guard and killed two or three of them. They compelled the officers to land the boat and escaped, carrying off the arms of the guard and such other valuables as they chose from the steamer.

Head-Qu's Army Potomac, Sept. 15.

For the past few days both sides have been engaged in a continued struggle of sharpshooting and artillery firing, particularly in the centre, caused by the enemy firing on our pickets. The enemy has been busy for several days constructing a second line of works a short distance behind the first, and are making it as strong as the other.

Later—Sept. 16—All is quiet; less firing was heard last night than for a long time past.

Washington, Sept. 17th.

Passengers by the mail boat to-day report that on Friday a large body of rebel cavalry made a raid on our reserve, herding cattle opposite Harrison's Landing. They succeeded in carrying off the entire lot of 2,500, and the guard, numbering 200 men, of the 30th Pa. cavalry. Of course we could not do much against such heavy odds. Our cavalry started in pursuit, and it is believed before night the entire lot will be recaptured.

New York, Sept. 17th.

The *Tribune's* correspondent with Grant says: By reference to the Richmond *Whig* which I mailed you last night, you will see that on their own calculation there remains in the whole South but 132,000 men between the ages of 15 and 60. These they style exempts by the enactment of their Congress, and all residents between these ages are in their service. From these exemps only can they recruit their armies; but these 132,000 are all men who have been detailed for duty and considered up to this time as virtually important as service in the army, and not all of them, nor any large portion of them, can be spared from their present avocations as overseers on plantations, as workmen in Confederate arsenals, as manufacturers of articles which must be obtained. Hence there is no basis of addition to their armies. The position at Deep Bottom is now garrisoned entirely by negro soldiers, under Gen. Paine. Operations at Dutch Gap are being prosecuted by a force of negro soldiers, and a fair proportion of the trenches are held by dusky patriots.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says two Wisconsin soldiers, wounded in the battles of the Wilderness, arrived here to-day from that locality. By good fortune they fell into the hands of Union farmers living near the battle-field, who nursed them until they were restored to health. They state that numbers of our wounded made their way to farm houses in the vicinity of the battle-field, but most of them died from sheer want of medical attention. Hundreds of the dead lie unburied on the battle field of the 2d of July fight.

A special to the *World* from Washington 16, says some 16 deserters from Lee's army arrived here to-day. They fully confirm previous reports that the enemy is being largely reinforced by conscripts.

The *Herald's* City Point correspondent of the 15th says: Yesterday morning Gen. Birney opened all his batteries on the rebel works and on the City of Petersburg. He literally rained shot and shell on them for over two hours. This was in retaliation for the rebels firing on our pickets at all hours. All accounts of the impending battle on the Weldon railroad are mere speculations, based on remote probabilities. Whether Lee removed his head-quarters to Reams' station, as reported by deserters, to oversee the engagement, or not, he does not seem disposed to bring on one as yet.

Another correspondent says: Brig. General Howell of Terry's division of the 10th corps, was accidentally killed on the night of the 14th by his horse rearing and falling on him.

The *Herald's* correspondent near Point of Rocks on the 13th, describes the cannonading by the rebels on the day before, as an attempt to knock down our signal towers; the firing on both sides was terrible, though with no damage to the towers.

The *Herald's* 2d cavalry division correspondent says: We have been enjoying an exceedingly beneficial rest. The regiments in the meantime are rapidly filling up. Gen. Davies' health is such as to permit him to rejoin his command.

DIED.

At Camp Douglas, 18th inst., infant son of Andrew A. and Martha Kagee, aged five weeks
California papers please copy.

UNION SALOON,
Groesbeck's Building, Third door from East Temple St.
—BY—
MOORE & EWING.
s19 BEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. tf

T. B. HELLER. H. F. SNYDER.
HELLER & SNYDER,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
Cor. East, and Second South Temple Sts.
WILL sell at public and private sale, Horses, Wagons, Merchandise, etc., etc. Warehouse for Storage.
Wanted: Produce of all kinds. s19tf

UNITED STATES SALOON,
Cor. Main, and Second South Temple Sts.
THE Best and Purest Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always kept at this House. Also: a fine sitting room for the accommodation of customers.
s19tf W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.

VEDETTE G. & S. M. COMPANY.
West Mountain Mining District, U. T.,
September 18th 1864.
Notice is hereby given that in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the second day of September, A. D. 1864, so much of the stock standing in the names of the following shareholders, as will be necessary to pay all delinquent assessments levied thereon; together with the expenses of advertising and sale, unless previously paid. Will be sold at Auction at the Secretary's office in Salt Lake City, on Monday the Third day of October next, at two o'clock. P. M.

NAMES.	SHARES.	AM'T.
C B Waite	200	$100 00
Dan'l McLean	200	110 00
N B Eldred	200	110 00
W H Jno	200	110 00
Mrs D McLean	200	110 00
A L Bailey	200	110 00
Mrs G B Ogilvie	200	110 00
Mrs C B Waite	175	100 00
—— Titus	25	12 50
—— Williamson	25	12 50
Harlow Street	25	10 00
Albert Sinclair	200	80 00
Arthur Heitz	175	75 00
Josiah Hemer	100	40 00
Dan'l Sullivan	150	60 00
—— Appleby	25	10 00
Francis Honeyman	50	20 00
Adam Craft	150	30 00
H O'Donnell	200	40 00
Amy Frances	25	5 00
Absalom Hurlick	25	5 00
J C Furguson	100	20 00

H. O PRATT Secretary

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
CORNER MAIN AND WALL STS.,
IDAHO CITY.
T. GATES, Proprietor.
THIS House, under the supervision of the present proprietor, has been commodiously fitted up with Lodging Rooms for single persons and families.
The Ice Cream Saloon on the first floor has been changed into an Oyster Saloon, and the former patrons and traveling public are heartily welcome to our tables. sep17 3mp

PLANTERS' HOUSE,
CORNER OF IDAHO & JACKSON STS.
Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.
JOHN H. SHOOT, ... Proprietor.
(Successor to Wm. Sloan)
This House is now open for the accommodation of the public, with good rooms, and table supplied with the best the market affords. sep3 3m

GOODRICH HOUSE,
Bannack City ..... Montana Territory.
THIS HOUSE is now open for the accommodation of the Public, with
Good Beds, and Tables
That will always be furnished with the best the market affords.
Good Corral and Stables near the premises.
my16m6 W. C. GOODRICH.

IOWA HOUSE,
MAIN STREET,
BOISE CITY, IDAHO TER'Y,
Formerly known as the Planter's House.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that they have purchased this new and commodious House and stabling, and are now enlarging and improving, hoping to make it equal to any in the city.
Hay and Grain fed at our stables; also, Stock ranched on reasonable terms. Give us a trial.
☞ The Overland Stages arrive and depart from this House. sp17 1mp P. SMITH & CO.

MANSION HOUSE,
Cor. Emigration St. & State Road,
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.
This is the most pleasant and best arranged Hotel in Salt Lake City. It is conveniently situated to all the places of business and amusement, and for the accommodation of families or single persons it is unsurpassed. The tables will at all times be supplied with the best the market affords.
Prices to suit the times.
je23tf DON C. TUFTS.

UNION LINE,
—FOR—
Colorado River,
Connecting with Steamer
ESMERALDA and BARGES,
Delivering Freight at all the principal places on the River.
No detention of Freight at the mouth of the River.
Landing Freight and Passengers
—AT—
La Paz, Lower California.
The well known and fast sailing schooner
W. L. RICHARDSON,
GEORGE GOODRUM, Master,
With Through Bills of Lading,
Having a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, will meet with dispatch, and take Freight and Passengers for the above points.
☞ Superior Accommodations for Passengers. Such an opportunity is seldom offered for parties seeking passage.
☞ For Freight or Passage, apply to the Captain on Board, Commercial Street Wharf, or to
WM. R. WADSWORTH & SON,
sep15-tf 402 Front Street, San Francisco.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!
FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!
FREIGHT TO IDAHO CITY!
Freight to Bannack City!
The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation for
ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,
Either by Mule or Ox Teams,
TO THE ABOVE, OR OTHER POINTS,
WITH SAFETY AND DISPATCH,
And upon
Reasonable Terms.
☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door outh Hotel entrance.
HOWARD LIVINGSTON.
September 21, 1864. sep3-tf

MULES.
I have Fifty Head of
LARGE, YOUNG, AND WELL BROKE
AMERICAN MULES,
Which I will exchange for
WHEAT,
BARLEY,
OATS,
FLOUR
OR HAY.
☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south Hotel entrance.
HOWARD LIVINGSTON.
September 21, 1864. sep3-tf

CHANGE OF TIME.
A. J. OLIVER. | H. A. CONOVER. | ED. ROUSE.
A. J. OLIVER & CO'S.,
EXPRESS LINE.
Will leave Great Salt Lake City, Utah, for Virginia City, Montana, every Tuesday and Saturday after the 18th inst., over the new Cut-off. Nearest route by
70 Miles---Time---4 Days!
And actually ahead of any other line, 24 to 48 hours.
Passengers allowed twenty-five pounds of Baggage in TREASURE, or anything they choose to carry.
Treasure shipped on the most reasonable terms, and by trustworthy messengers well known to the community at large.
STAGES FOR EAST BANNACK
Leave Virginia City on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Sundays.
Time--Nine Hours.
T. D. BROWN,
Salt Lake City, Sept. 17 '64-tf Agent.

Special Notice!
TILL FURTHER NOTICE THE
OVERLAND STAGE LINE COACH
WILL LEAVE THIS CITY FOR
DENVER, COLORADO TERRITORY,
—ON—
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays,
at 4 o'clock, a. m.
W. L. HALSEY, Agent.
Salt Lake City, Sept. 6th, 1864. sep8-tf

JUST OPENED!
A New Assortment of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Consisting chiefly of
Coats, Pants, Vests, Hats, Shirts, Collars, Cravats,
Boots and Shoes.
Also have on hand everything in the
DRY GOODS AND GROCERY LINE.
sep7-1m WALKER BROS.

HO! FOR THE MINES!!
—THE—
RUSH VALLEY EXPRESS COMPANY
Having Established a
SEMI-WEEKLY LINE OF STAGES,
The public can now have an opportunity to visit the Silver Mines of
Rush Valley.
Stages leave the Mansion House, Salt Lake City, on
Tuesday and Friday mornings,
at 7 o'clock; returning
Mondays and Thursdays.
GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS.
Time—Eight Hours.
Fare: $5.00 each way.
Packages carried, and other business attended to with promptness and care.
SHAW BRO. & CO.
Salt Lake City, Sept. 9, '64. sep13-tf

S. J. LEES'
PROVISION STORE,
on Main Street,
Great Salt Lake City, U. T.
Miners' and Truckers' Outfitting Establishment. j720-tf

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

BOSTON, Sept. 15th.

The Republican Convention met here to-day. Nearly 1600 delegates present. Governor Andrew and the rest of the State ticket, was re-nominated by acclamation.

MACON, Sept. 10th.

Wheeler's force has been dispersed near Tullahoma by Steadman.

PETERSBURG, Sept. 9th.

Grant is still perfecting his lines on the Weldon railroad and pushing his line slowly to the west of the road.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9th.

The *World's* special from Grant's head-quarters 15th, says there is every reason to believe that the rebels have in contemplation and are already preparing for the evacuation of Petersburg, retiring their army within the defences of Richmond. This may account for the protracted quiet in our front since their failure to regain possession of the portion of the Weldon railroad captured by us. There has been considerable firing along a portion of the line to-day, but without results of any moment on either side.

Abraham Wakeman, Postmaster in this city, has been appointed Surveyor of the Port, vice Rufus Audreviz. The *Herald's* 5th corps correspondent says: A party of our men out a few nights since, set fire to a signal station, captured from us recently, and it burned to the ground. Divisions of the 9th corps have been remembered. The 3rd, commanded by Gen. Wilcox, is now the 1st. The 2nd, commanded by Gen. Potter, retains its number. The 4th, composed of colored troops and commanded by Gen. Ferrors, will in future be known as the 3rd.

The *Herald's* Harper's Ferry dispatch, 14th, says: A rebel regiment was captured by our troops day-before yesterday. It is the 8th S. C. regiment of Longstreet's corps, and numbers about 200 men. It comprises members of some of the first families of the Palmetto State. The men were all well and comfortably clad. Several officers of the regiment who were captured at the time, speak confidently of their hopes of obtaining their independence.

Capt. Sloan of the 2d Penn. cavalry who left Libby prison September 12th, informs the Washington correspondent of the *Times*, that there are 230 of our officers imprisoned in Richmond, and all the men at Belle Island, since Grant has held the Weldon railroad. The Danville railroad is the only outlet and is in danger. The rebels dare not transport prisoners south. The sentiment of our captured men was, that they would rather endure sufferings as prisoners, than that the rebels should fill up their ranks with 35 or 40,000 fresh men by exchange; and these men understand this is the only source of strengthening the rebel armies. Capt. Sloan is authorized by Brig.-Gen Hayes, commanding the regulars captured in the fight on the Weldon railroad, to say that great injustice has been done him by the newspapers. Had his division commander properly advised him of the movements of the enemy on his right, he would have captured the rebels instead of being captured by them. The conduct of Col. Walker, Adjutant General to Gen. Hancock, is spoken of with great praise. He too, was captured on the 19th of August, but succeeded in destroying his papers, and endeavored to escape by swimming the Appomatox. Unfortunately, however, he landed too far up the river, and was taken by the enemy within 30 yards of the Union pickets. Although confronted by Gen. Beauregard, Lee refused to disclose aught of our numbers or position.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Banking firm of POWERS, NEWMAN & Co., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Their business will be settled up by their successors, SCOTT, KERR & Co., at their old place of business.

POWERS, NEWMAN & CO.

S. L. City, Sept. 1st, 1864.

SCOTT, KERR & CO.,

BANKERS,

(Successors of Powers, Newman & Co.,)

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY,

(Godbe's old Drug Store,)

Receive Moneys on Deposit,
Buy Coin,
Gold Dust,
and Exchange.

Pay interest on Time Deposits, by special agreement, and transact a General Banking Business.

CORRESPONDENT:

METROPOLITAN BANK, N. Y. CITY.
DREXEL & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
SCOTT, KERR & CO., Leavenworth, Kansas. sept2-tf

BEN. HOLLADAY, New York. } { W. L. HALSEY, G. S. L. City.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,

BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for

GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Dust bought for Coin or Currency.
Cash paid for Government Vouchers.
Drafts payable in Coin or Currency sold on
New York,
San Francisco, Cal.,
Virginia City, Idaho,
Denver City, Colorado,
Atchinson, Kansas,
Portland, Oregon and
Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale. my2tf

AUSTIN M. CLARK, JNO. W. KERR, MILTON E. CLARK.

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

COIN,
GOLD DUST
and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia. jy1tf

SPECIAL NOTICE!

Till further notice, the

OVERLAND MAIL COACH

Will leave this City for

VIRGINIA CITY, NEVADA TERR'Y,

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday Morning, at 8 o'clock, returning from the West the following days.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 29, 1864. sept1-tf

Notice.

Jordan Silver Mining Company, West Mountain Mining District, Utah Ter'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in accordance with the laws of California (under which the Company is incorporated) and the By-Laws of the Company, there will be sold at public auction, on Wednesday, the 5th day of October, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Secretary's Office (Telegraph Office) Great Salt Lake City, so many shares of the capital stock of the Company, standing in the names of the following persons, as will be necessary to pay all assessments due thereon, together with costs of advertising and sale:

	No. of Certificates.	No. of Shares.	No. of Ass't's.	Amount.
Daniel McLean,	272	20	2,3,4,5,6	$210 00
N. B. Eldred,	273	20	2,3,4,5,6	210 00
L. Washburn,	234	5	4,5,6	37 50
R. H. Willard,	263	1	4,5,6	7 50
unknown,	222—230	7	6	17 50

By order of the Board of Trustees.

GEO. W. CARLETON, Secretary.

sep5-1m

California and Nevada Volunteers' RESTAURANT.

THE undersigned having re-built and furnished the above Restaurant at Camp Douglas, is now prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call, in a manner never before equaled in this place. The table will always be furnished with the best the market affords.

aug2-tf JULIEN AVET, Prop'r.

NOTICE! NOTICE!

Carpenters and Plasterers can find employment at Camp Douglas, near this city, by applying to the Quartermaster of the Post. au22-tf

NOTICE.—Blank Mining Deeds for sale at this Office.

FIRST TRAIN FROM THE EAST!!

Alex. Gilbert, Wm. Gilbert, Salt Lake City. } { Orrin P. Gilbert, Bannack City, Idaho Ter.

GILBERT & SONS,

(Late "Abel Gilbert," next door to Salt Lake House) are now receiving the most

MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF GENERAL ASSORTED MERCHANDISE,

Ever offered in the Territory, consisting of

SILKS, FRENCH LAWNS, CALICOES, CHAMBRAY, COTTON, WOOLEN & MIXED FABRICS, FLANNELS, AND OTHER STAPLES,

Selected to suit this market.

ALSO: A LARGE AND

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Groceries, Hardware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,

And the finest assortment of late style

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Ever offered for sale here.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

jy2tf GILBERT & SONS.

RANSOHOFF & CO.,

New Goods! New Goods!!

FINE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS,

CONSISTING IN

French Lawns, Chambrays, Calicoes,

etc., . . etc., . . etc.,

In Fact Everything in the Ladies' Line.

Also a Fine Stock of

Boots, Shoes, Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

—o—

The Highest Price Paid for Gold Dust and Coin. Aug9-tf

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC STATES.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

Overland Mail Company

To and from Atchison, Kansas, and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison leave every day at nine A. M.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE AND ATCHISON,

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Idaho, via. Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via. Boise City, West Bannack.

Time to Denver, ... Six days.
Time to Atchison, ... Twelve days.

jy2tf W. L. HALSEY, Agent.

OVERLAND MAIL CO.

TO VIRGINIA, NEVADA TERRITORY, IN 5 DAYS.

THE OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY, carrying the UNITED STATES MAIL from Salt Lake City to Virginia, Nevada Territory, forms in connection with the Overland Stage Line, East, and the Pioneer Stage Company, West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

ATCHISON, KANSAS, AND PLACERVILLE, CAL.,

and a perfect line of communication between

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this Line are NEAT AND COMMODIOUS, and special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

SALT LAKE CITY TO VIRGINIA,

is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the

Through Trip Inside of Seven Days.

COACHES LEAVE

SALT LAKE CITY, DAILY, AT 8, A. M. ARRIVE FROM THE WEST EVERY MORNING IN TIME TO CONNECT WITH THE OVERLAND STAGE FOR THE EAST.

OFFICE.—First South Temple street, adjoining Jennings's new Store.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, July 1st, 1864. jy1tf